

Do all of your work on a separate sheet of paper.

Graph the function. State the domain and range. (Section 7.1)

1. $y = \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^x$

2. $y = -2 \cdot 2^x$

3. $y = (0.8)^{x-3} - 2$

4. $y = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3^{x+1} + 2$

Evaluate the logarithm **without** using a calculator. (Section 7.4)

5. $\log_4 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$

6. $\log_6 6$

7. $\log_5 125$

8. $\log_{\frac{3}{4}} \left(\frac{64}{27}\right)$

Simplify the expression. (Section 7.4)

9. $5^{\log_5 x}$

10. $10^{\log 9}$

11. $\log_4 16^x$

12. $e^{\ln 5}$

Expand the expression. (Section 7.5)

13. $\log_5 \left(\frac{2x}{5}\right)$

14. $\log \left(\frac{100x^2}{y}\right)$

15. $\ln 20x^3y^2$

16. $\log_2 \sqrt[3]{8x^4}$

Condense the expression. (Section 7.5)

17. $\log_4 20 + 4 \log_4 x$

18. $\log 7 + 2 \log x - 5 \log y$

19. $0.5 \ln 100 - 2 \ln x + 8 \ln y$

Use the change of base formula to evaluate the logarithm. (Section 7.5)

20. $\log_2 5$

21. $\log_4 80$

22. $\log_5 100$

23. $\log_7 27$

Solve the equation. Check for extraneous solutions. (Section 7.6)

24. $2^{4x+2} = 8^{x+2}$

25. $\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{x-3} = 3^{3x+1}$

26. $7^{9x} = 18$

27. $\ln(3x+7) = \ln(x-1)$

28. $\log_5(3x+2) = 3$

29. $\log_6(x+9) + \log_6 x = 2$

30. You want to have \$3000 in your savings account after 3 years. Find the amount you should deposit for each of the situations described below.
- The account pays 2.25% annual interest compounded quarterly.
 - The account pays 3.5% annual interest compounded monthly.
 - The account pays 4% annual interest compounded yearly.
31. In 2000, the average price of a football ticket for a Minnesota Vikings game was \$48.28. During the next 4 years, the price increased an average of 6% each year.
- Write a model giving the average price p (in dollars) of a ticket t years after 2000.
 - Graph the model. Estimate the year when the average ticket price was about \$60.
32. You buy a new stereo for \$1300 and are able to sell it 4 years later for \$275. Assume that the resale value of the stereo decays exponentially with time. Write an equation giving the stereo's resale value V (in dollars) as a function of time t (in years) since you bought it.
33. You deposit \$2000 in an account that pays 4% annual interest compounded continuously. What is the balance after 5 years?
34. You deposit \$800 in an account that pays 2.65% annual interest compounded continuously. What is the balance after 12.5 years?